





AVIATION TWIN TRANSITION CLUSTER

A EUROPEAN INITIATIVE FOR A SUSTAINABLE FUTURE







RefMap Clustering Event 2025

Advancing Sustainable Aviation & Urban Air Mobility

Perceived Safety in U-Space Drone Usage

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ImaFUSA - A Brief Description

- Impact and Capacity Assessment Framework for U-Space Societal Acceptance
 - Mission: provide insights in three major areas influencing societal acceptance of Innovative Air Mobility (AIM).
 - Environmental impact
 - Noise, visual pollution and air quality
 - Safety
 - Socioeconomic impact
 - Affordability, accessibility, economic development, public space use and connectivity.









Introduction to IAM/UAM

• Urban Air Mobility (UAM) is a new safe, secure and more sustainable air transportation system for passengers and cargo in urban environments, enabled by new technologies and integrated into multimodal transportation systems. The transportation is performed by electric aircraft taking off and landing vertically, remotely piloted or with a pilot on board²



ImAFUSA

• Innovative Air Mobility (IAM) is the safe, secure and sustainable air mobility of passengers and cargo enabled by new-generation technologies integrated into a multimodal transportation system¹



https://plus.nasa.gov/video/urban-air-mobility

• Advanced Air Mobility (AAM) a collection of new and emerging technologies being applied to the aviation transportation system, particularly in new aircraft types... which includes UAM and Regional Air Mobility (RAM), etc.. ³

¹Drones & Air Mobility Basics explained

https://www.easa.europa.eu/en/domains/drones-air-mobility/drones-air-mobility-landscape/basics-explaine

²FASA Pro

https://www.easa.europa.eu/en/what-is-uan

³Section 6. Advanced Air Mobili

https://www.faa.gov/air_traffic/publications/atpubs/aim_html/chap11_section_6.h







Safey and Public Acceptance of UAM

- "Safety mainly refers to incidents resulting from a technical or human failure"⁴
 - Perception of safety can be increased if safety level are increased
 - Less likelyhood of accidents happening
 - Concerns on safety increased with increasing age
 - Safety perception potentially inflated by high aviation standards

- Korean Urban Air Mobility Act⁵
 - Focus on Safety, Sustainability, Acceptability, and Public conveniences main values
 - Current Safety Aviation Act was inadequate ☐ updated to include electric and battery safety
 - Flight safety and rules is part of the grand challenge
 - Safety concerns operations from technical point of view⁶
- Other large-scale-agency works works focus on public acceptance based on technical and operational aspects^{7,8} or noise and visual public acceptance⁹

⁸Future Aviation Researc**h** – VTT, IFAR AAM WG Presentation



Study on the social acceptance of Urban Air Mobility in Europe, EASA, May 19, 2021

Korea's Journey Towards the New Era with UAM, IFAR AAM WG Presentation

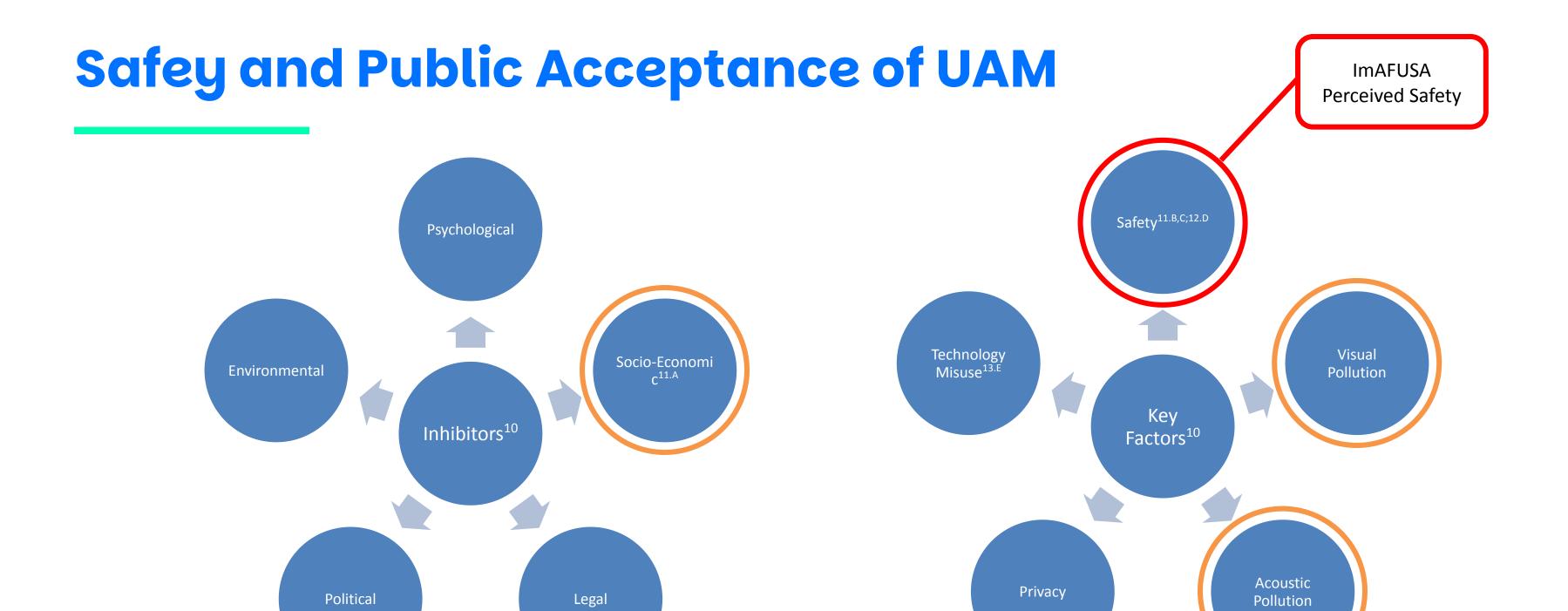
K-UAM Concept of Operations 1.0 – UAM Team Korea

⁷THE USE OF WATER BASED IAM MULTI-MODAL HUBS AND OVERWATER ROUTES IN LARGE URBAN/METROPOLITAN AREAS, IFAR AAM W

IMAFUSA







¹⁰Ten questions concerning the use of drones in urban environment, Watkins et al., Building and Environment, 167, (2020), 106458

¹¹General Public's Privacy Concerns Regarding Drone Use in Residential and Public Areas, Bajde et al., Empirical Research Report, May 2017, University of Southern Denmark

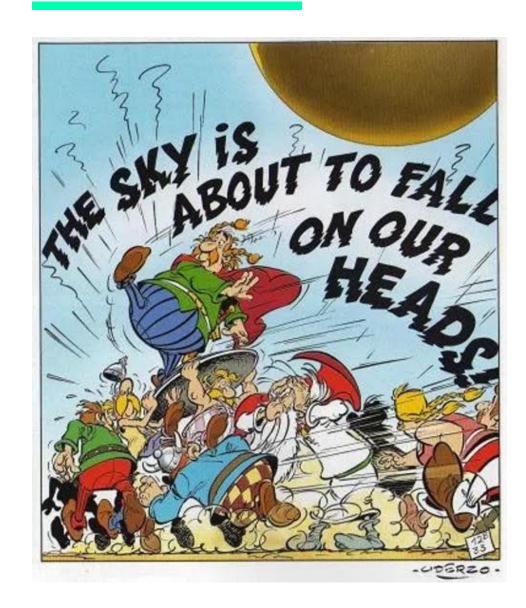
¹²The public acceptance of drones – Challenges for advanced aerial mobility (AAM), Eissfeldt and Biella, 34th Conference of the European Association for Aviation Authority, 2022

¹³Public acceptance of drone applications in a highly urbanized environment, Tan et al., Technology in Society, 64, (2021) 101 462



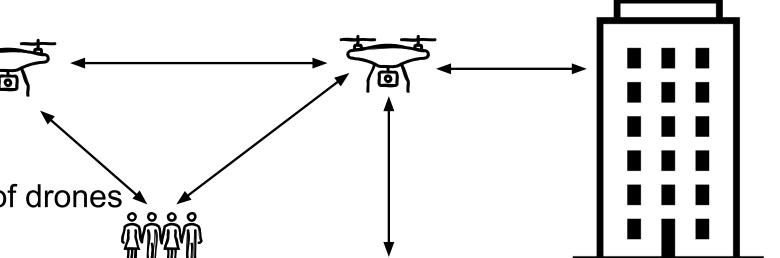






- Objective: establish a correlation between parameters (of drone usage) influencing the perception of safety by the general public to be implemented in a framework for social acceptance of UAM
- Indicators
 - Flight velocity
 - Flight path altitude
 - Proximity to buildings
 - Flight structure
 - Structures

 "Highway" of drones











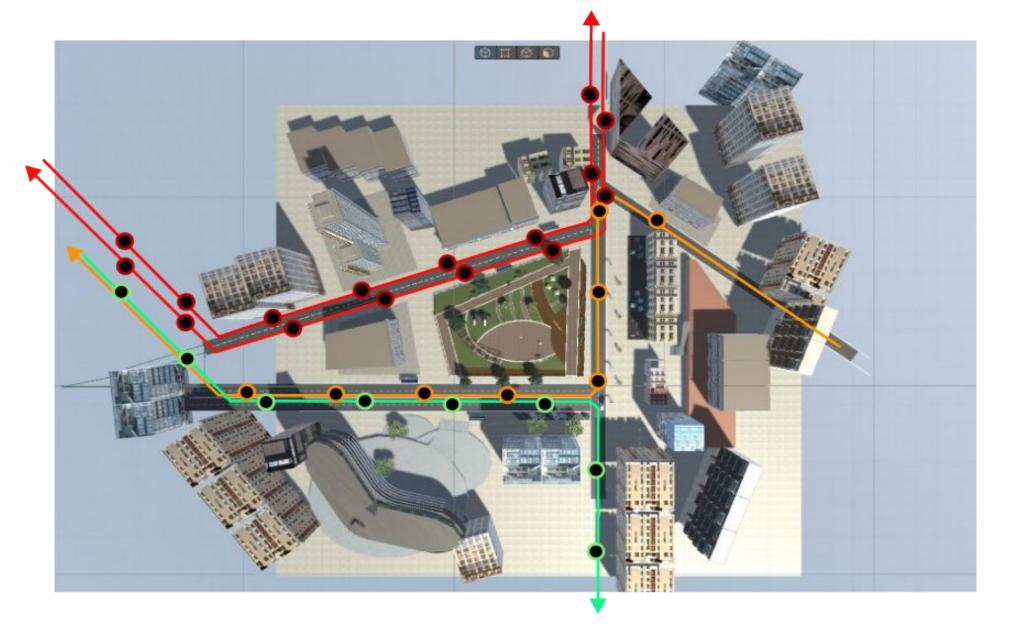
- Four case scenarios
 - Based on existing drone regulations
 - Only one case with structured flight paths

Case 1 – High Density at Low Altitude					
Flight Path Altitude [H]	20 m	H+10 m	H+20 m		
Distance between Drones	30m	30m	30m		
Flight Path Velocity	23 m/s	23 m/s	23 m/s		

Case 2 – High Density at Low Altitude					
Flight Path Altitude [H]	20 m	H+10 m	H+20 m		
Distance between Drones	30m	30m	30m		
Flight Path Velocity	15 m/s	15 m/s	15 m/s		

Case 3 – High Density at Low Altitude						
Flight Path Altitude [H]	20 m	H+10 m	H+20 m			
Distance between Drones	30m	30m	30m			
Flight Path Velocity	7 m/s	7 m/s	7 m/s			

Case 4 – High Density at High Altitude					
Flight Path Altitude [H]	70 m	H+10 m	H+20 m		
Distance between Drones	30m	30m	30m		
Flight Path Velocity	23 m/s	23 m/s	23 m/s		



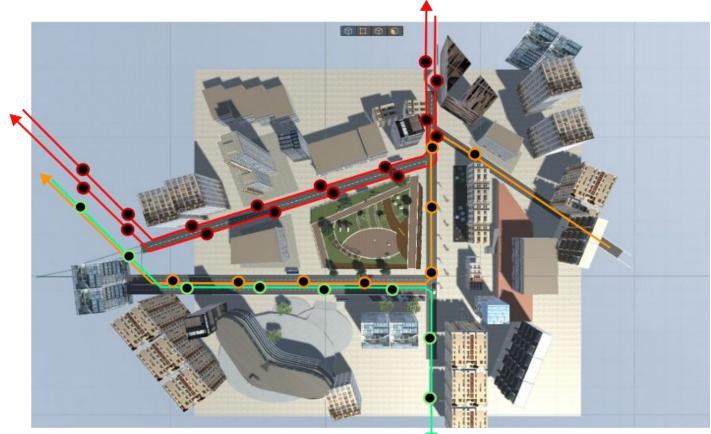








 Method: Virtual Reality (VR) tool coupled with survey







VR Tool created by: James McLeod, Margarida Lopes, and Sofia Kalakou, iscte, Lisbon, Portugal

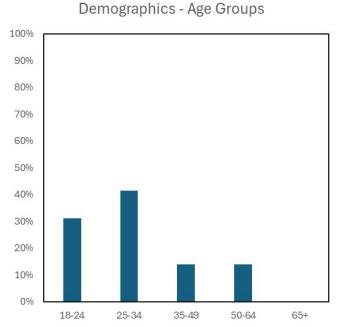


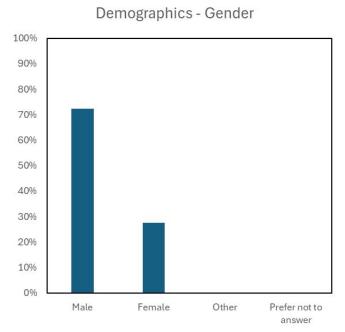


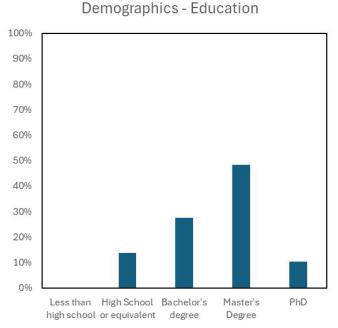


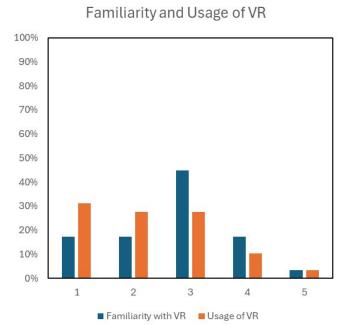
- Participants Demographics
 - Objective: correlation of demographic data with safety perception levels

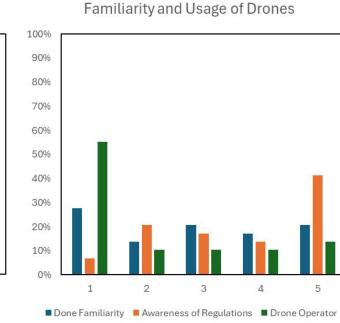
- Familiarity with drones and VR
 - Objective: correlation of familiarity of tools with safety perception













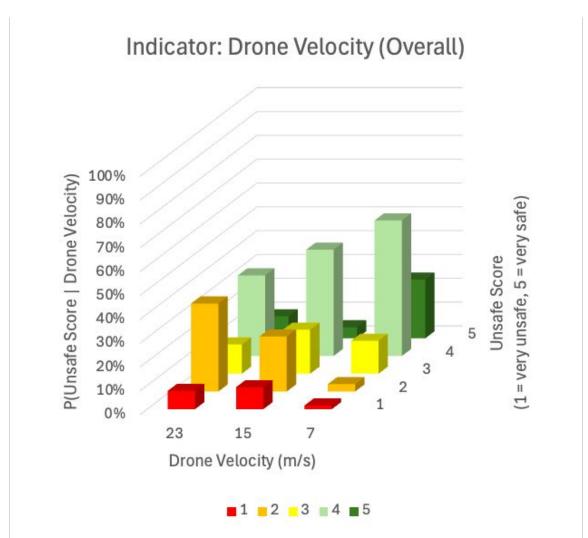
Ongoing Analysis



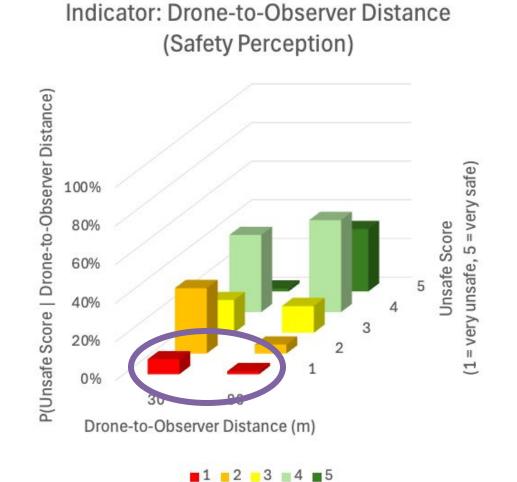


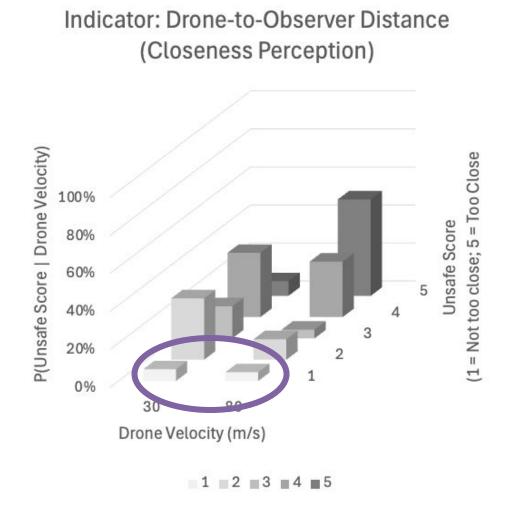


Indicator 1 – Drone Velocity Variation



• Indicator 2 – Drone-to-Observer Distance





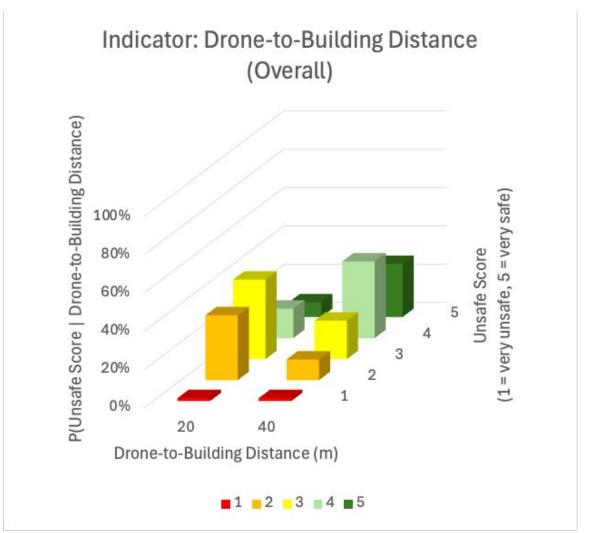




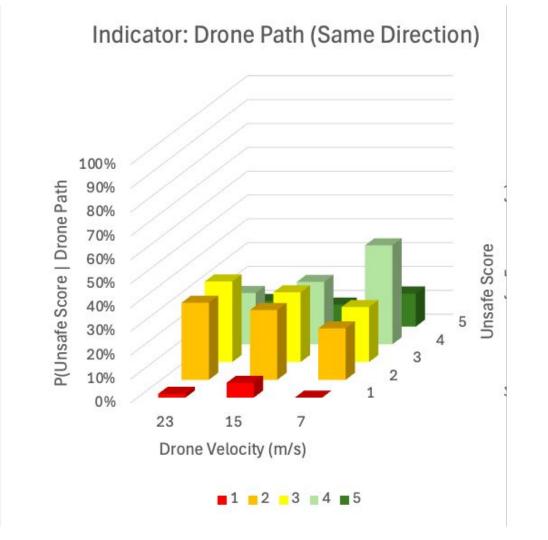


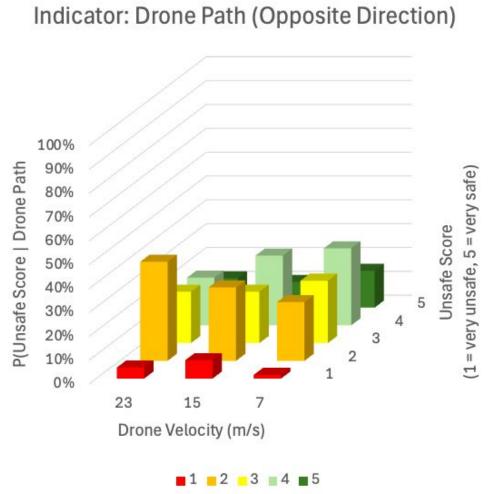


• Indicator 3 – Drone-to-Building Distance



Indicator 4 – Path Direction













Conclusions

- Preliminary results indicate (based on the tested case scenarios) a general sense of (positive) perceived safety
- LET'S ALSO CONSIDER:
 - The majority of participants stated that their level of perceived safety would increase if regulations were in place











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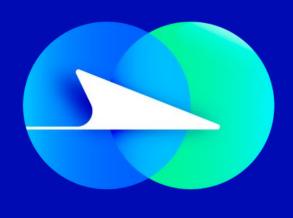


For more information: www.refmap.eu



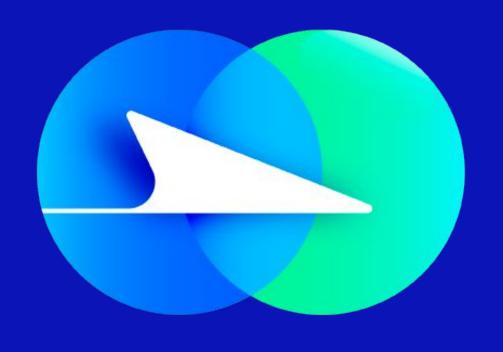


Q&A/Closing









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